

Strategies to Collaboratively Manage Protocol Deviations in Multi-Site Clinical Trials: Site Perspectives

Phoebe Gauthier, MA, MPH

Geisel School of Medicine, Dartmouth College

Northeast Node of the National Drug Abuse Treatment Clinical Trials Network





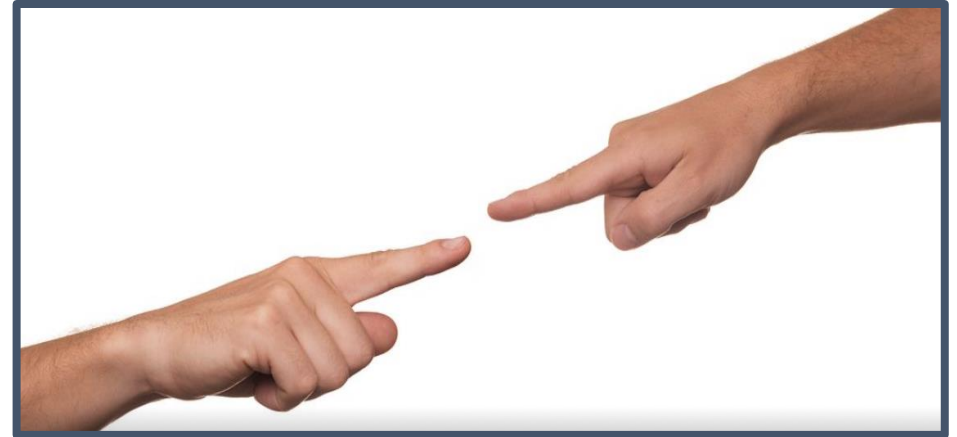
Presentation Overview

- 1) Site team perceptions of protocol deviations
- 2) Site procedures for reporting
- 3) Site feedback on revised process
- 4) Staff training



Common Perceptions of Protocol Deviations

1. Poorly *managed* study
2. Poorly *conducted* study
3. Punishment or *blame* for staff



My colleagues will view
my study poorly.

Its all my
fault.

Lead Investigative
Team

Principal
Investigator

Project
Manager

Research
Assistants

I'm managing the
study poorly.

Maybe others
don't have to
know.

I'm nervous to
report this.
What if I get in
trouble?

I'm to blame.

Potential Consequences of Negative Perceptions

- ↓ Decreased reporting
- ↑ Toxic team dynamics
- ↑ Repeated errors throughout trial
- ↑ Potential to bleed into other trials



Impact of Reporting Process



Discussion

- Lengthy discussions at team meeting
- Individual meetings for detailed discussion

Documentation

- Complicated documentation involving multiple team members
- Documentation across multiple systems: EDC, local logs, reporting to IRB

Timelines

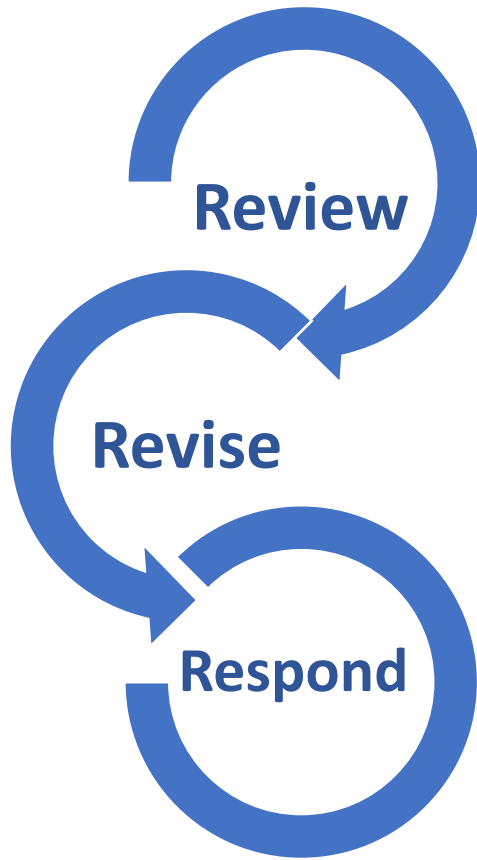
- Confusion over reporting timelines
- Sense of urgency

Shifting Perceptions

- The purpose of identifying PDs is **not** to blame or punish.
 - **Report** and document deviations
 - **Clarify** results
 - **Identify** areas in need of retraining
 - **Inform** potential protocol modifications
 - **Present** to regulatory bodies for safety monitoring and data integrity



Site Engagement in Development



- 1) Emmes team *reviewed* the existing process
- 2) Emmes team *revised* the reporting system
- 3) Presented revisions to external stakeholders for *response* and feedback

Site Engagement

Feedback provided:

- Clarifying language
- Feedback on most common PDs encountered
- Commentary on common corrective action plans and staff retraining

Streamlined Process

Auto-generated reporting

- Decreases need for manual entry
- Saves time
- Improves morale

Drop-down lists

- Normalizes events
- Decreases confusion over free text entry
- Reduced need for discussion

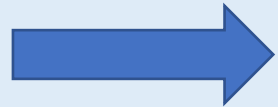
Updates to PD Categories

- Collapsing similar categories
- Removing categories identified by auto-reporting



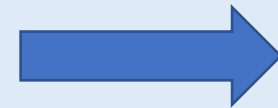
Changing the Conversation

I'm to blame.



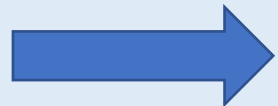
This has happened to others before.

I'm managing my study poorly.



This doesn't mean I'm bad at my job.

**I'm nervous to report this.
What if I get in trouble?**



There is a well-established process for reporting events like these.

Maybe others don't have to know.



I'm confident that we can report this event correctly and efficiently.

Staff Training

- Training on protocol deviations is critical for **all levels** of the research team
- Important that all team members share the same understanding regarding identifying, reporting, resolving, and preventing PDs
- Encourage **supportive leadership** and **open communication**
- Avoid punitive response to PDs to encourage identification



Conclusion

- Original reporting process captured numerous minor protocol deviations which could otherwise be captured using system reports.
- A post-mortem approach highlighted significant means for leveraging the EDC system
- Utilize existing system design and data collection to streamline the process
- Involve multiple stakeholders in planning stages to create digital solutions to identify PDs as early as possible
- Streamlining reporting has numerous benefits for site teams, improvements to team morale and site productivity.



Thank you!

Questions?

